

# The Middle Ages

## Outcome: The Crusades



### 1. The Crusades

#### a. What is a crusade?



- i. A \_\_\_\_\_ involving the journey of thousands of Europeans to reclaim the holy land of \_\_\_\_\_ in the name of Christianity
- ii. In all, there were \_\_\_ or \_\_\_ Crusades (depending on your source)

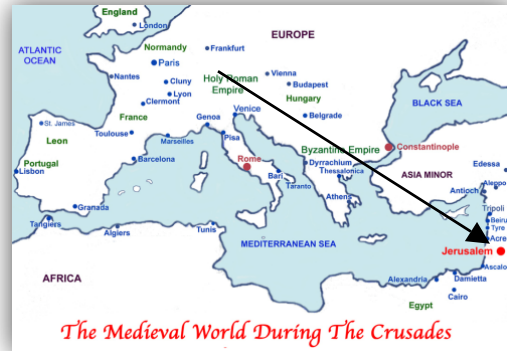
#### b. When were the Crusades?

- i. Starts in \_\_\_\_\_ and lasts for nearly \_\_\_\_\_ years

#### c. Why crusade? Social, Economic, Spiritual, & Political reasons

- i. \_\_\_\_\_: Opportunity to get \_\_\_\_\_ to stop fighting each other and fight a new foe. These knights \_\_\_\_\_ in Europe.
- ii. \_\_\_\_\_: The Holy lands of Jerusalem were generally \_\_\_\_\_ than Europe and many wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ of that wealth
- iii. \_\_\_\_\_: Younger \_\_\_\_\_ who did not stand to inherit \_\_\_\_\_ were looking for \_\_\_\_\_ and adventure
- iv. \_\_\_\_\_: Merchants supplied \_\_\_\_\_ to finance the journey
- v. \_\_\_\_\_: A chance for the pope to \_\_\_\_\_ instead of Byzantine rival
- vi. \_\_\_\_\_: Fight/Die on Crusade = \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ (Christian \_\_\_\_\_)

Christian Crusaders often wore a red cross on their tunics/shields



### 2. What happened:

#### a. First Crusade



- i. \_\_\_\_\_ called for a holy war against Muslims controlling holy lands
- ii. Urban's call brought \_\_\_\_\_ for the Crusade
- iii. Those who died on Crusade were assured a \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. " \_\_\_\_\_!" was the battle cry
- v. \_\_\_\_\_ mile journey from Europe to Jerusalem
- vi. Eventually, \_\_\_\_\_ approached Jerusalem and besieged it for a month
- vii. On July 15, 1099, the \_\_\_\_\_
- viii. In the process, the Christians \_\_\_\_\_ all of the \_\_\_\_\_ left in the city

Saladin



#### Second Crusade

- i. The Muslim Army under command of \_\_\_\_\_ captured Jerusalem again in 1187
- ii. The \_\_\_\_\_ to defeat Saladin and recapture the city

### c. The Third Crusade

i. Led by 3 of Europe's most powerful \_\_\_\_\_



1. \_\_\_\_\_ of France – went home
2. German Emperor \_\_\_\_\_ – \_\_\_\_\_ on journey
3. English \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Fought many battles against \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. Agreed to a \_\_\_\_\_ with Saladin in 1192
    - i. Jerusalem stayed under \_\_\_\_\_
    - ii. Saladin promised \_\_\_\_\_ could freely visit the city's \_\_\_\_\_

### d. Other attempts

- i. 4<sup>th</sup> Crusade \_\_\_\_\_ to recapture Jerusalem
- ii. In the 1200s, four more Crusades were also \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. The \_\_\_\_\_ Crusade (read p. 384) \_\_\_\_\_



### 3. Effects of the Crusades

- a. Example of Church \_\_\_\_\_
- b. \_\_\_\_\_ between Europe and Southwest Asia
- c. Thousands of \_\_\_\_\_ and other participants \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Those who survived brought back \_\_\_\_\_ to Europe
- e. Persecution of \_\_\_\_\_; thousands were slaughtered because they were \_\_\_\_\_
- f. Failure of later Crusades \_\_\_\_\_
- g. The Crusades weakened the power of the \_\_\_\_\_ (Knights were dead)
- h. Began a legacy of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of Christians for the Muslims and \_\_\_\_\_

**Result:** The Crusades were a violation of “\_\_\_\_\_.” It was also an example of an abuse of church \_\_\_\_\_. The effects of the Crusades are \_\_\_\_\_ through that region of the world today.

